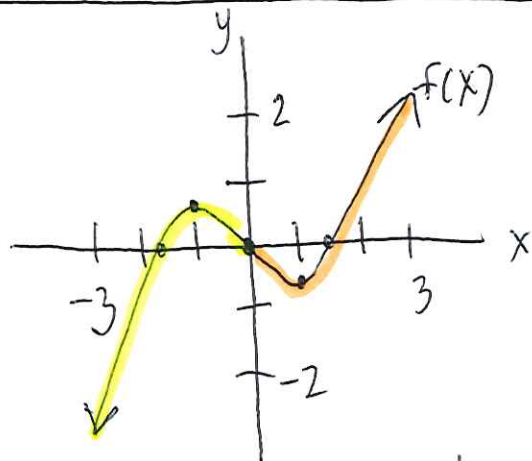


# Concavity

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ES: How to determine intervals where  $f(x)$  is concave upward or concave downward?

Graph  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - x$



~~What~~ where are the intervals for:

Concave downward  
 $(-\infty, 0)$

Concave upward  
 $(0, \infty)$

Test for Concavity

① If  $f''(x) > 0$  for all  $x$  in  $(a,b)$  then the graph of  $f(x)$  is concave upward on  $(a,b)$ .

② If  $f''(x) < 0$  for all  $x$  in  $(a,b)$  then the graph of  $f(x)$  is concave downward on  $(a,b)$ .

ex

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - x$$

Step 1 find  $f''(x)$

$$f'(x) = x^2 - 1$$

$$f''(x) = 2x$$

Step 2 Set  $f''(x) = 0$  and solve for  $x$ .

$$0 = 2x$$

$$0 = x$$

Step 3 make table

Interval	$(-\infty, 0)$	$(0, \infty)$
test value	$x = -1$	$x = 1$
Sign of $f''(x)$	$f''(-1) = -2$ neg.	$f''(1) = 2$ pos.
Conclusion	Concave downward	Concave upward

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